

**Class** : B.A. Third Year  
**Subject** : History  
**Paper** : First  
**Title of Paper** : History of India (1740 to 1857 A.D.)

भारत का इतिहास (1740 to 1857 ई. )

**Max.Marks - 40**

**Session -2022-23**

### **Unit -I**

Political Trends in the Mid 18<sup>th</sup> century, Anglo- French conflict in Karnataka, Third Battle of Panipat, Establishment of East India Company in India. Battle of Plassey and Buxar, Diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Dual Government.

**Unit -II** - Growth of Colonial Administration – Warren Hastings and Lord Cornwallis, Regulating Act. Pitt’s India Act. Anglo- Maratha Relations, Anglo- Mysore Relation, Wellesley and the subsidiary Alliances.

### **Unit- III**

Maharaja Ranjit Singh and Anglo- Sikh Relations, Lord Hastings and British Paramountcy, Downfall of Marathas, Anglo- Burmese Relation, Anglo- Afghan Relations, Lord Dalhousie and the Doctrine of Lapse, his Administration and Reforms, First Freedom Movement of 1857- causes, Nature and results. Role of Women in freedom Struggle – LaxmiBai, AwantiBai, JhalkariBai.

### **Unit- IV**

Indian Renaissance, Socio- Religious Movements- Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahma Samaj, Lord William Bentinck, Status of Women, Growth of Western Education, Modernization of India, Conspiracy of Lord Macaulay, the theory of Filtration.

**Unit- V** - British land Revenue, Settlement- Permanent Settlement, Ryatwari and Mahalwari System, Condition of Peasants, Rural Indebtedness, commercialization of Agriculture, Drain of Wealth, Decline of Cottage Industries.

### **Reference Books**

Yashpal and Grovar –Adhunik Bharat ka Itihas

Dr. L.P.Sharma –Adhunik Bharat

V.D. Mahajan – Modern History

**Class** : B.A. III Year  
**Subject** : History  
**Paper** : Second  
**Title of The paper** : History of India (1858 to 1950 A.D.)

(भारतकाइतिहास ((1858 to 1950ई. तक )

**Max .Marks** 40 :

**Unit - I** Queen Victoria's Proclamation, Act of 1858, Indian Council Act 1861, Internal Administration of Lord Lytton and Ripon, Political Associations and the Indian National Congress, Indian Council Act of 1892.

**Unit- II** Lord Curzon and the partition of Bengal, Swadeshi Movement, Moderates, Extremists and Revolutionaries. Government Act of India-1909, Peasant and Tribal Movements, Home Rule Movement, Lucknow Pact, Rowlatt Act, Jallianwala Bagh Massacre, Government of India Act 1919 and Dyarchy.

### **Unit - III**

Gandhian Era, Khilafat and Non Cooperation Movement, Swarajists, Simon Commission, Lahore Congress. Civil Disobedience Movement, Round Table Conferences. Government of India Act 1935 and Provincial Autonomy. Quit India Movement.

**Unit -IV** Cripps Mission, Simla Conference, Cabinet Mission, Subhash Chandra Bose and the INA, Communal Politics and the partition of India, Indian Independence Act 1947. Integration of Indian princely states. Main features of the Indian Constitution.

### **Unit- V:**

Indian Agriculture, British Famine Policy, nature of Colonial Economy, British Fiscal Policy and India's Economic Exploitation, Rise of Modern Industry, Expansion of Trade and Commerce, Socio- Religious Movements- SatyaShodhakSamaj, AryaSamaj, Ramkrishna Mission, Theosophical Society, Muslim Reform Movements, Upliftment of Women, Development of Education, growth of Indian Press.

### Reference Books

J.P.Mishra –Adhunik Bharat ka Itihas

P.E.Roberts –History of India

Yashpal and Grovar –Adhunik Bharat ka Itihas

